



# *Pavers and Retaining Blocks*

## *Paving*

# *Maintenance and Care*

## *Guide*

Maintenance of your paving over the years will ensure their good looks and your enjoyment for many years to come.

- .1. Regularly sweep the area to remove dirt, mud, debris and dust that can stain or mark the surface. If required a gentle hosing and a sweep with a stiff broom will generally remove must marks.
- .2. During any construction or painting work cover the pavers to protect against damage. Especially staining from oxides, cement, rust and concrete.
- .3. Do not use acid to clean the pavers or a concentrated jet from a pressure cleaner.
- .4. Efflorescence is a white fluffy, salt deposit that may form on the top of some pavers. Sweep it off with a stiff broom or sprinkle with damp sand and then sweep it off, then gently hose the area off. Do not hose the salt deposit off.
- .5. In damp, poorly drained or shaded areas moss may form on the pavers. Sweep the area with a stiff broom when dry or soak the area with a solution of ten parts water / one part vinegar. Leave for 10-15 minutes then gently hose down the area before it dries.
- .6. Avoid children's toys with black rubber tyres on lighter coloured pavers as they will mark and it is hard to remove.
- .7. If the jointing sand has been washed away, sweep in some new pav-lok to fill and seal the joint.
- .8. Pavers that have been sealed should be resealed on a regular basis, to provide continual protection.